THE HANDBOOK OF LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT EVALUATION

Kelly M. Hannum
Jennifer W. Martineau
Claire Reinelt
Editors

Foreword by Laura C. Leviton
THE HANDBOOK OF LEADERSHIP
DEVELOPMENT EVALUATION
Bottom row from left to right: Kelly Hannum, Claire Reinelt, Jennifer Martineau
Second row from left to right: Manuel Gutiérrez, Heather Lewis-Charp, Karl Umble, Alison Ellis, Darlene Russ-Eft, Prisca Collins, Maenette Benham
Top row from left to right: Barry Kibel, Deborah Meehan, Sally Leiderman, Hazel Symonette, Nilofer Ahsan, Teri Behrens, Bart Craig, Michelle Gambone, Tania Tasse, John Baum
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The term *leadership* means many things to many people. It is one of the big societal concepts, and it is of the same size and importance as “access to medical care” or “quality of education.” Leadership encompasses many talents and skills. There are different styles of leadership, and there are different factors affecting how leaders are regarded. There is authoritarian leadership, democratic leadership, and most recently, collaborative leadership. After hundreds of studies and many years of research, we still find ourselves playing with a few pebbles on the shore of this vast sea of subject matter.

It is in that context that this handbook on evaluation of leadership development is presented. Although the topic is vast, there are certain evaluation approaches and subjects that have proven their value. Several vital and generic evaluation topics are presented in these chapters: how to study implementation; how to present evaluation findings; designs for evaluating leadership development; and using theories of change to inform the choice of measures for evaluation. They are a valuable foundation.

At the same time we can ask, Leadership of what and for what? Leadership always takes place in context. So does evaluation. In this book we find some remarkably different programs that see leadership in different ways. An argument can be made for each of them, and they all merit evaluation. We have personal transformation leadership efforts, leadership development to achieve organizational change, and leadership development for neighborhood transformation. It
is heartening that the field of evaluation is flexible enough to apply its frameworks and methods to such a range of development initiatives.

Evaluation helps us to understand leadership in other ways. For example, the term \textit{leadership} is highly vulnerable to rhetorical use and abuse. Are we entirely sure that a program that includes “leadership” in the title is truly about this big concept? Or, is the concept being used for some other agenda unrelated to leadership by even the broadest definition? One advantage of evaluation is that it seeks to operationalize the big concepts. Evaluation \textit{has} to do this, because it is systematic inquiry about programs’ logic, resources, activities, outputs, and outcomes. Systematic inquiry requires a highly specific understanding of the principles and concepts being employed. Evaluation separates real outcomes from wishful thinking, slogans, or overly vague program aspirations.

Even when we do know what we are trying to achieve in a leadership program, we may still not know quite how. Evaluation can assist by providing neutral, constructive observations to guide a program’s inevitable changes and evolution. Once a program is established, evaluation continues to contribute by assisting the program managers to optimize their use of resources on behalf of the participants.

Finally, even when we are not entirely sure what leadership is supposed to be, what it consists of in a given context, or how to develop it, evaluation helps us. Many leadership programs have never been tried before. By definition, they are ventures into the unknown, aspiring beyond the tried and true. From that point of view, evaluation is about discovery, understanding what is possible to achieve, and even helping to define and characterize new kinds of leadership.

What we do know is that leadership is an essential ingredient for personal and social change. So is evaluation, as seen in decades of learning from fields as disparate as education, health, community and social welfare. These two essential tools of change come together in this volume.

September 2006
Laura C. Leviton  
Princeton, New Jersey

Laura C. Leviton is a senior program officer for the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and former president of the American Evaluation Association. She has conducted evaluations in the health area ranging from fellowships and scholarships to quality of medical care and prevention of disease.
PREFACE

Why did the Center for Creative Leadership (CCL), the Leadership Learning Community (LLC), the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF), and more than thirty authors collaborate to write a book about the evaluation of leadership development? Quite simply, because there is considerable demand for guidance in evaluating leadership development by those who practice and fund development and evaluation in commercial and nonprofit organizations. There is no single source that provides practical content, examples, and tools from many different settings and perspectives. As practitioners of leadership development evaluation, we are aware of the substantial need for this type of resource. In this volume, we bring together distinguished authors with knowledge and expertise about leadership development evaluation, whose contributions can benefit leadership development evaluators, practitioners, and ultimately those participating in leadership development.

The pace of change in contemporary organizations and communities creates new challenges for individuals, organizations, and communities. Many fields of practice are feeling the impact of these phenomena. Leadership development is no different. When CCL was founded in 1970 for the purpose of understanding and developing leadership, few institutions were offering leadership development. Since then, leadership development has grown into a strategy that is utilized globally by organizations of all types. Individuals, groups, teams, organizations, and communities seek to become more effective and strategic in their leadership. Organizations
and foundations invest in leadership development for individuals and groups of individuals in order to achieve the broader strategic and social change objectives they seek and to realize their missions.

Leadership development is frequently used as a strategy to help prepare individuals and groups of individuals to address the complex challenges they face. Numerous tools, processes, and programs to develop leadership are being implemented, and although many are being evaluated, there is even more need for evaluation to answer important questions, improve practice, and inform decisions. Funding agencies, designers, sponsors, and participants (among others) frequently have a variety of questions about leadership development, including:

- Is the time and money spent on leadership development worthwhile?
- What difference does leadership development make?
- What development and support strategies work best to enhance leadership?
- What outcomes can be expected from leadership development?
- How can leadership development efforts be sustained?

The complexity of leadership development requires innovative models and approaches to evaluation in order to answer those questions. Traditional evaluation approaches (such as use of control groups, and pretests and posttests, for example) can be impractical, incomplete, and sometimes inappropriate models for evaluating leadership development initiatives in some contexts. An increasing number of innovative models and approaches to evaluate leadership development that are more appropriate and useful in other contexts have evolved over time, and presenting them to a professional audience is the purpose of this book.

Many organizations and foundations have created innovative models and approaches of leadership development evaluation. The LLC Evaluation Learning Circle has posted many of these models and approaches in its Knowledge Pool located at www.leadershiplearning.org (many of the resources cited in this handbook are also posted there). However, few people have had the opportunity to learn about these innovations and apply them in their own work. It is through this process of application, adaptation, and subsequent learning that the field of leadership development produces knowledge about how to support and develop individuals and organizations so that greater impact can be achieved.

We want to underscore the intent of this book. We believe that leadership development and its evaluation will meet the needs of those who rely on it to address the complex challenges of today’s world only if evaluators and other interested practitioners and stakeholders share their experiences and expertise. This book aims to lay a foundation for this exchange of ideas and practices.
How We Created This Book

The process of conceptualizing, organizing, writing, and evolving this book was highly collaborative. We share this story with readers so that they might consider adapting similar strategies and apply them to their own learning projects.

The concept of a book addressing leadership development evaluation emanated from two different places simultaneously. Kelly Hannum and Jennifer Martineau of CCL had for more than a decade been leading their organization’s efforts to evaluate leadership development and had amassed specific expertise that, because of CCL’s mission as an educational institution, they wanted to share with other evaluators and leadership development practitioners. They also knew that there were others out in the field who also had valuable knowledge to contribute. At the same time, the Leadership Learning Community (see Chapter Eighteen for more information) had formed an evaluation learning circle (convened by Claire Reinelt) whose members were motivated to move the practice of leadership development evaluation forward by sharing their expertise, tools, and resources with each other and with a broader, virtual community of practice. The leadership development evaluation goal of both of these organizations is to advance the practice of leadership development and support so that leadership (both individual and collective) can more effectively lead change that will have a positive impact on society and the world. This book shares knowledge and expertise that will help leadership development and evaluation practitioners and users achieve this goal.

As we conceptualized the book and its contents, we focused on the three general areas that are detailed in the book’s three parts: Design, Implementation, and Use. We scanned the field of leadership development evaluation to identify ideal chapter topics and authors for those chapters. In addition, we also agreed that the group of authors participating in this project should form a community of practice in order to create a more coherent, integrated volume and not simply produce the separate and distinct chapters typically found in an edited book. With the financial support of the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the provision of facilities by CCL and RWJF, the community of authors met twice during the writing process: first, after the chapter outlines were complete; and second, between the first and second drafts of the chapters. During these conferences and through e-mail exchanges, the authors shared chapter outlines and drafts. All of the authors received feedback that they incorporated into their chapters. We also conducted a series of dialogues that resulted in better understanding of the many facets of leadership development evaluation. The content of the Introduction and Afterword include the output from those dialogues.
Evaluation as a Way of Life

Of the many things we have to say about the evaluation of leadership development, perhaps the most important is this: approaching issues from an evaluative perspective enables one to consider multiple perspectives and draw lessons as a natural part of the way work is done. People can improve their effectiveness by challenging assumptions and drawing lessons from the many challenges they face by adopting an evaluative perspective. This kind of thinking is in fact a quality of good leadership. Leaders who learn from the successes and trials of their work are typically more successful than those who do not. What our readers—whether they are evaluators, stakeholders, or leaders—may not always recognize is that evaluation is learning, and learning is evaluation. Evaluation should not be something that is forced upon the unwilling, nor should it be misused to harm others. Evaluation can be and should be a vibrant and engaging activity that leads to powerful learning and well-informed action. We encourage you to find the relevant value of this book's contents for your leadership development and evaluation work, and to discover the value it brings to you in your role as a leader.

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Greensboro, North Carolina

Kelly M. Hannum
Jennifer W. Martineau
Claire Reinelt
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From Kelly M. Hannum

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From Claire Reinelt

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THE AUTHORS

Nilofer Ahsan is an associate at the Center for the Study of Social Policy. She is the author of *Protecting Children by Strengthening Families: A Guidebook for Early Childhood Programs, Domestic Violence and Family Support Programs: Creating Opportunities to Help Young Children and Their Families*, and *How Are We Doing?—A Program Self-Assessment Toolkit for the Family Support Field*. She has a master’s degree in public policy from the University of Chicago.

John Baum is professor of professional practice in leadership in the Neeley School of Business at Texas Christian University. He received his Ph.D. in organizational behavior and industrial relations from the University of Wisconsin-Madison. He is principal and president of Corporate Education Resources, Inc., which provides development resources to firms that are committed to developing their managerial talent into business leaders.

Teresa R. Behrens is the director of evaluation at the W. K. Kellogg Foundation in Battle Creek, Michigan. Her efforts focus on developing effective systems to monitor and measure the results of funded projects and activities. She also is responsible for developing tools for programming staff to work with grantees on evaluation. She received her Ph.D. in psychology from North Carolina State University.
Maenette K. P. Benham is a professor in the educational administration department of the College of Education at Michigan State University. She earned her doctoral degree in education from the University of Hawai‘i-Manoa. Her books include *Culture and Educational Policy in Hawai‘i: The Silencing of Native Voices*, *Let My Spirit Soar! The Narratives of Diverse Women in School Leadership*, and *Indigenous Educational Models for Contemporary Practice: In Our Mother’s Voice*.

Prisca M. Collins is the coordinator of the American Evaluation Association/Duquesne University Graduate Education Diversity Internship Program. She holds a Ph.D. in health and rehabilitation science from the University of Pittsburgh. Her writings include *Clinical Outcome from Mechanical Intermittent Cervical Traction for the Treatment of Cervical Radiculopathy: A Cases Series* and *The Role of Faith Practices and Religiosity in the Utilization of Available Health Services by Inner City African Americans*.

S. Bartholomeow Craig is an assistant professor of psychology at North Carolina State University, an adjunct research scientist at the leadership development consultancy of Kaplan DeVries Inc., and an adjunct program evaluator at the Center for Creative Leadership. He is coauthor, along with Sigrid Gustafson, of the Perceived Leader Integrity Scale, a multirater tool for assessing leaders’ ethical integrity. He holds a Ph.D. in industrial-organizational psychology from Virginia Tech.

E. Jane Davidson is director of Davidson Consulting Ltd., a New Zealand–based evaluation and organizational consulting firm. She received her Ph.D. in organizational psychology (with substantial emphasis on evaluation) from Claremont Graduate University. She is the author of *Evaluation Methodology Basics: The Nuts and Bolts of Sound Evaluation*, a step-by-step guide to the use of evaluation-specific logic and methodology.

Alison Ellis has twenty-five years’ experience working in international family planning and reproductive health. She is currently team leader of the Monitoring, Evaluation, and Communication unit of the Leadership, Management, and Sustainability Program of Management Sciences for Health. She coauthored the Management chapter of the *Compendium of Indicators for Evaluating Reproductive Health Programs* and “User’s Guide on Planning and Managing a Quality Survey in Reproductive Health Programs.”

Michelle Alberti Gambone is a sociologist who has been conducting research on youth development, community mobilization, and youth policy and program effectiveness for the past fifteen years. She is currently the president of Youth Development Strategies, Inc. She also continues the work of Gambone & Associates, a consulting firm that assists organizations in developing planning, management,
The Authors

and evaluation tools for youth development initiatives. Her Ph.D. in sociology is from Princeton University.

John T. Grove is a founder and past director of the Sustainable Leadership Initiative, where the EvaluLEAD approach and tools began. Currently, he is the team leader for monitoring and evaluation with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Global AIDS Program in Zambia. He coauthored EvaluLEAD: A Guide for Shaping and Evaluating Leadership Development Programs. He holds an M.A. in education from the University of San Francisco.

Manuel Gutiérrez is presently the director of the Division of Applied Research and Evaluation at Metis Associates, a national research and consulting firm. He holds a Ph.D. in clinical psychology from Temple University. He is the principal author of Next Generation Leadership Program: Final Assessment Report and Strengthening Families to Promote Youth Development.

Taylor Haas is a consultant providing technical assistance with planning, research, writing, and evaluation for programs in nonprofit and private sectors. She received her M.S. in population studies from the London School of Economics. She coauthored the guidebook EvaluLEAD: A Guide for Shaping and Evaluating Leadership Development Programs and the Institute of International Education’s Population Experts in Developing Countries: A Summary Report and Directory.

Kelly M. Hannum is an enterprise associate in the Global Leadership and Diversity and Design and Evaluation groups at the Center for Creative Leadership. She holds a Ph.D. in educational research, measurement, and evaluation from the University of North Carolina at Greensboro. She coauthored Evaluating the Impact of Leadership Development: A Professional Guide and Evaluation in North America in Cross-Cultural Evaluation: An International Annotated Bibliography.

Rodney K. Hopson is Hillman Distinguished Professor, associate professor, and chair of the Department of Educational Foundations and Leadership and faculty member in the Center for Interpretive and Qualitative Research at Duquesne University. He has undergraduate and graduate degrees from the University of Virginia, and has postdoctoral and visiting research and teaching experiences from the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Hygiene and Public Health, the University of Namibia, and Cambridge University.

Kim Ammann Howard is the director of evaluation and organizational learning for BTW Consultants. Her publications include Leadership Matters: An Evaluation of Six Family Planning and Reproductive Health Leadership Programs Funded by the Packard and
Gates Foundations and One Story, Many Voices: The Impact of the California Wellness Foundation’s VPI Leadership Program. She holds a Ph.D. in health policy and management from the Johns Hopkins School of Public Health.

Kimberly Jinnett is research director of the Integrated Benefits Institute, a nonprofit membership organization providing research, analysis, and information on health and productivity management. She received her Ph.D. degree in sociology and health services organization and policy from the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. Her publications have appeared in Medical Care, Health Services Research, Social Science and Medicine, Journal of Mental Health Policy and Economics, Advances in Medical Sociology, and other forums.

Todd Kern currently serves as chief knowledge officer of New Leaders for New Schools, a national not-for-profit organization that promotes high academic achievement for every child by attracting, preparing, and supporting the next generation of outstanding leaders for our nation’s urban public schools. He completed his graduate work in public policy at the University of Chicago, focusing on education reform, urban poverty, and community-based economic development strategies.

Barry M. Kibel is a senior research scientist at the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE), having joined the institute in 1991 and having created and been director of PIRE’S Results Mapping Laboratory since 1997. He holds a Ph.D. in city and regional planning from the University of California-Berkeley. He is author of Success Stories as Hard Data, an exploration of the use of stories in evaluation, and of numerous professional publications.


Nancy Vollmer LeMay is senior program officer for the Monitoring, Evaluation, and Communication unit of the Leadership, Management, and Sustainability Program of Management Sciences for Health, where she participates in all aspects of program evaluation for field and virtual projects. She holds an M.P.H. in international health from Yale University with a focus on epidemiology.
Heather K. Lewis-Charp is a social scientist at Social Policy Research Associates. She received a master’s in education research from the University of California-Santa Cruz. She is lead author of “Youth Opportunity Grant Initiative: Ethnographic Final Report,” Extending the Reach of Youth Development Through Civic Activism: Outcomes of the Youth Leadership Development Initiative, “The Influence of Intergroup Relations on School Engagement: Two Cases,” and School Connections: U.S. Mexican Youth, Peers, Schools Achievement.

Jennifer W. Martineau serves as director of the Center for Creative Leadership’s Design and Evaluation Center. At CCL since 1993 and with more than fifteen years’ experience in the field of evaluation, she has focused her attention on the evaluation of leadership development programs and initiatives. Her work can be found in book chapters, peer-reviewed journals, and practitioner-oriented publications. She holds a Ph.D. in industrial and organizational psychology from the Pennsylvania State University.

Deborah Meehan is the founder and executive director of the Leadership Learning Community (LLC). The LLC strengthens the practice of leadership development by linking the inquiry, practice, and resources of those who fund, run, study, and provide services to leadership programs. Many of her publications are available on the LLC Web site at www.leadershiplearning.org. She is a graduate of the University of California-Berkeley.

Larry Peters is professor of management in the Neeley School of Business at Texas Christian University. He received his Ph.D. in industrial/organizational psychology from Purdue University. He has coauthored two case books and was the senior editor of The Blackwell Encyclopedic Dictionary of Human Resource Management. He is founder and president of LH Peters and Associates, LLC. He has provided consulting, training design, training, meeting design, facilitation, and applied research services to business, nonprofit, and government organizations.

Jack J. Phillips is chairman of the ROI Institute, Inc. Through the institute, he provides consulting services for Fortune 500 companies and major organizations in forty-one countries. He has a Ph.D. in human resource management from the University of Alabama. His most recent books include Proving the Value of HR: When and How to Measure ROI, The Leadership Scorecard, The Human Resources Scorecard: Measuring the Return on Investment, and The Consultant’s Scorecard.

Patti Phillips is president and CEO of the ROI Institute, Inc., and chairman and CEO of the Chelsea Group, Inc. Her Ph.D. is in international development. Her
most recent publications include *The Bottomline on ROI*, the ASTD *In Action* casebooks, *Measuring Return on Investment Volume 3*, *Measuring ROI in the Public Sector*, and *Retaining Your Best Employees*.

*Claire Reinelt* is research and evaluation director for the Leadership Learning Community. She holds a Ph.D. in sociology from Brandeis University. She is an author or coauthor of the following publications: *Evaluating Outcomes and Impacts: A Scan of 55 Leadership Programs*, *Developing Leadership in an International Context*, and *One Story, Many Voices: The Impact of VPI Leadership Programs*.

*Darlene E. Russ-Eft* is currently an associate professor in the Department of Adult Education and Higher Education Leadership in the College of Education at Oregon State University. She received the ASTD Research Article award for “Customer Service Competencies: A Global Look,” appearing in *Human Resource Development International* in 2004, and has coauthored several texts. She holds a Ph.D. in psychology from the University of Michigan.

*Hazel Symonette* is senior policy and program development specialist with the University of Wisconsin-Madison and the University of Wisconsin System Administration. She advocates assessment/evaluation as a participant-centered self-diagnostic resource for continuous improvement and strategic image management. She holds two master’s degrees and a Ph.D. from the University of Wisconsin-Madison in social work/community organization, sociology/social demography, and educational policy studies/sociology of education respectively.

*Tania Tasse*, formerly a senior project manager at the OMG Center for Collaborative Learning, is currently working for Metis Associates in New York. She holds an M.A. in public policy from the Johns Hopkins University. An important aspect of her education has been her involvement in community service and service learning programs, including the Peace Corps (Romania, 1997–99) and AmeriCorps.

*Rosalie T. Torres* is president of Torres Consulting Group, an evaluation and management consulting firm specializing in the feedback-based development of programs and organizations. She earned her Ph.D. in research and evaluation from the University of Illinois. She has authored or coauthored numerous books and articles, including *Evaluation Strategies for Communicating and Reporting: Enhancing Learning in Organizations*, 2nd edition, and *Evaluative Inquiry for Learning in Organizations*.

*Karl E. Umble* received a Ph.D. in adult education from the University of Georgia. At the North Carolina Institute for Public Health at the University of North Carolina-
Chapel Hill School of Public Health, he plans and evaluates continuing education and distance learning programs for public health professionals and teaches program evaluation. His publications have appeared in the *American Journal of Public Health, Public Health Reports, Evaluation and the Health Professions*, and other forums.

Hanh Cao Yu is a vice president and senior social scientist at Social Policy Research Associates. She received her Ph.D. in education at Stanford University. Her writing has appeared in *Anthropology and Education Quarterly, Phi Delta Kappan*, and the *American Educational Research Journal*. She coauthored *Adolescent Worlds: Negotiating Family, Peer, and School Worlds* and *Extending the Reach of Youth Development through Civic Activism: Outcomes of the Youth Leadership Development Initiative*. 
INTRODUCTION

Jennifer W. Martineau, Kelly M. Hannum, and Claire Reinelt

This book provides broad and practical information about how to conduct leadership development evaluations using a variety of approaches, many of which have been recently developed. We have intentionally sought authors from a variety of sectors (nonprofit, academic, for-profit, and governmental agencies) to increase the diversity of perspectives, expertise, and experiences represented in these pages. The target populations and program designs covered in this handbook are also diverse; we believe this book represents a powerful opportunity for cross-program and cross-sector learning.

This handbook is divided into three parts, each of which begins with an overview chapter. Part One is devoted to designing leadership development evaluations. The chapters in this section address a variety of approaches and considerations that come into play when designing a method for evaluating leadership development initiatives. Part Two, Leadership Development Evaluation in Context, presents chapters addressing specific environments for designing and implementing leadership development, ranging from a stand-alone leadership program for developing evaluators of color to a change initiative intended to transform school leadership and performance. Finally, in Part Three, Increasing Impact through Evaluation Use, the book addresses ways in which evaluation can and should be used to maximize impact, rather than serving only to measure and document.
Who This Book Is For

This book supports the daily work of people responsible for developing, implementing, and evaluating leadership development programs and initiatives. These can be human resource managers, instructional and learning designers, trainers, consultants, funders, evaluators, and others from a wide range of organizations: for-profit, nonprofit, governmental, educational, religious and faith-based, community, and more. People who study and research evaluation, leadership development, or both (such as students, scholars, and staff at foundations, think tanks, or research organizations) form a secondary audience for this book. While we focus on our intended audiences, we sincerely hope that others will benefit from the knowledge, practices, and resources presented in this handbook.

We invite those of you interested in the field of leadership development evaluation to learn from each other and broaden the scope of questions you are asking and the evaluation approaches you are using and testing. Our intent is that this handbook will move the field of leadership development evaluation forward by creating more interaction between practitioners in the for-profit and nonprofit, governmental, and educational fields, pushing their collective thinking ahead by exposing them to areas of practice they might not otherwise have access to in their daily work.

How to Use This Book

This book is first and foremost a resource for its readers, to be used in whatever manner they see fit. We encourage readers to find and read those chapters that are most immediately valuable to them, given the context of their work and the questions they are asking. For example, if you have a question such as, How do other evaluators design an evaluation when control groups are not possible?, you can find answers in Chapter One. If you ask, How do I evaluate leadership that is focused on systems transformation?, you will find guidance in Chapter Eleven. And if your stakeholders want to know how you plan on sharing the results of the evaluation, consult Chapter Seventeen’s discussion of communication. While each chapter has a specific focus, you are likely to find relevant information and advice on a variety of topics in many different chapters, especially those chapters that describe how leadership develop-