SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

Systems, Techniques and Technology

Fifth Edition

Gérard Maral

Ecole Nationale Supérieure des Télécommunications, Site de Toulouse, France

Michel Bousquet

Ecole Nationale Supérieure de l'Aéronautique et de l'Espace (SUPAERO), Toulouse, France

Revisions to fifth edition by **Zhili Sun** University of Surrey, UK

with contributions from Isabelle Buret, Thales Alenia Space



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ACRONYMS

AAL	ATM Adaptation Layer	ARTES	Advanced Research in
A/D	Analog-to-Digital conversion		TElecommunications Systems
ABCS	Advanced Business Communications		(ESA programme)
	via Satellite	ASCII	American Standard Code for
ABM	Apogee Boost Motor		Information Interchange
ACD	Average Call Distance	ASIC	Application Specific Integrated
ACI	Adjacent Channel Interference		Circuit
ACK	ACKnowledgement	ASN	Acknowledgement Sequence
ACTS	Advanced Communications		Number
ADC	Technology Satellite	ASN	Abstract Syntax Notation
ADC	Analog to Digital Converter	ASTE	Advanced Systems and
ADM	Adaptive Delta Modulation		Telecommunications Equipment
ADPCM	Adaptive Pulse Code Modulation		(ESA programme)
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	ASTP	Advanced Systems and Technology
AES	Audio Engineering Society		Programme (ESA programme)
AGCH	Access Granted CHannel	ASYNC	ASYNChronous data transfer
AKM	Apogee Kick Motor	ATA	Auto-Tracking Antenna
ALC	Automatic Level Control	ATC	Adaptive Transform Coding
ALG	Application Level Gateway	ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
AM	Amplitude Modulation	DADEA	
AMAP	Adaptive Mobile Access Protocol	BAPTA	Bearing and Power Transfer
AMP	AMPlifier	DOLL	Assembly
AMPS	Advanced Mobile Phone Service	BCH	Broadcast Channel
AMSC	American Mobile Satellite Corp.	BCR	Battery Charge Regulator
AMSS	Aeronautical Mobile Satellite Service	BDR	Battery Discharge Regulator
ANSI	American National Standards	BECN	Backward explicit congestion
	Institute		notification
AOCS	Attitude and Orbit Control System	BEP	Bit Error Probability
AOM	Administration, Operation and	BER	Bit Error Rate
	Maintenance	BFN	Beam Forming Network
AOR	Atlantic Ocean Region	BFSK	Binary Frequency Shift Keying
APC	Adaptive Predictive Coding	BGMP	Border Gateway Multicast
APD	Avalanche Photodetector		Protocol
API	Application Programming	BGP	Border Gateway Protocol
	Interface	BHCA	Busy Hour Call Attempts
AR	Axial Ratio	BHCR	Busy Hour Call Rate
ARQ	Automatic Repeat Request	BISDN	Broadband ISDN
ARQ-GB(N)	Automatic repeat ReQuest-Go Back N	BIS	Broadband Interactive System
ARQ-SR	Automatic repeat ReQuest-Selective	BITE	Built-In Test Equipment
	Repeat	BOL	Beginning of Life
ARCS	Astra Return Channel System	BPF	Band Pass Filter
ARQ-SW	Automatic repeat ReQuest-Stop and	BPSK	Binary Phase Shift Keying
	Wait	BS	Base Station

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BSC	Binary Synchronous	CNES	Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales
	Communications (bisync)		(French Space Agency)
BSN	Block Sequence Number	CODLS	Connection Oriented Data Link
BSS	Broadcasting Satellite Service		Service
BT	Base Transceiver	COMETS	Communications and Broadcasting
BTS	Base Transceiver Station		Engineering Test Satellite
BW	BandWidth	CONUS	CONtinental US
BII	Duriu () Iulii	CoS	Class of Service
CAD	Computer Aided Design	COST	European COoperation in the field of
CAM		0001	Scientific and Technical research
	Computer Aided Manufacturing Channel AMPlifier	COTE	Commercial Off The Shelf
CAMP		COTS	
CATV	CAbleTeleVision	CPS	Chemical Propulsion System
CBDS	Connectionless broadband data	CRC	Communications Research Centre
	service		(Canada)
CBO	Continuous Bit Oriented	CS	Cell Selection
CBR	Constant Bit Rate	CSMA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access
CCI	CoChannel Interference	CT	Cordless Telephone
CCIR	Comité Consultatif International	CTR	Common Technical Regulation
	des Radiocommunications	CTU	Central Terminal Unit
	(International Radio Consultative		
	Committee)	D-AMPS	Digital Advanced Mobile Phone
CCITT	Comité Consultatif International du		System
	Télégraphe et du Téléphone (The	D-M-PSK	Differential M-ary Phase Shift Keying
	International Telegraph and	D/C	Down-Converter
	Telephone Consultative Committee)	DA	Demand Assignment
CCSDS	Consultative Committee for Space	DAB	Digital Audio Broadcasting
	Data Systems	DAC	Digital to Analog Converter
CCU	Cluster Control Unit	DAMA	Demand Assignment Multiple Access
CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access	DARPA	Defense Advanced Research Project
CEC	Commission of the European	DASS	Demand Assignment Signalling and
CEC	Communities	DASS	
CELP		dB	Switching deciBel
_	Code Excited Linear Prediction		
CENELEC	Comité Européen pour la	dBm	Unit for expression of power level in
	Normalisation en ELECtrotechnique	10	dB with reference to 1 mW
	(European Committee for Electro-	dBm	Unit for expression of power level in
0777	technical Standardisation)		dB with reference to 1 mW
CEPT	Conférence Européenne des Postes et	dBmO	Unit for expression of power level in
	Télécommunications (European		dBm at a point of zero relative level
	Conference of Post and		(a point of a telephone channel where
	Telecommunications)		the 800 Hz test signal has a power of
CFDMA	Combined Free/Demand		1 mW)
	Assignment Multiple Access	DBF	Digital Beam Forming
CFM	Companded Frequency Modulation	DBFN	Digital Beam Forming Network
CFRA	Combined Fixed/Reservation	DBS	Direct Broadcasting Satellite
	Assignment	DC	Direct Current
CIR	Committed Information Rate	DCCH	Dedicated Control Channel
CIRF	Co-channel Interference Reduction	DCE	Data Circuit Terminating Equipment
	Factor	DCFL	Direct Coupled Fet Logic
CIS	Commonwealth of Independent	DCME	Digital Circuit Multiplication
	States		Equipment
CLDLS	ConnectionLess Data Link Service	DCS	Digital Cellular System (GSM At 1800
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange	Deb	MHz)
	Carrier	DCT	Discrete Cosine Transform
CINP	ConnectionLess Network Protocol	DCT DCU	Distribution Control Unit
CLNP			
CLTU	Command Link Transmission Unit	DDCMP	Digital Data Communications
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide	DE	Message Protocol (a DEC Protocol)
	Semiconductor	DE	Differentially Encoded

DE-M-PSK	Differentially Encoded M-ary	EUTELSAT	European Telecommunications
DECT	Phase Shift Keying Digital European Cordless		Satellite Organisation
	Telephone	FAC	Final Assembly Code
DEMOD	DEMODulator	FCC	Federal Communications
DEMUX	DEMUltipleXer		Commission
DES	Data Encryption Standard	FCS	Frame Check Sequence
DM	Delta Modulation	FDDI	Fibre Distributed Data Interface
DNS	Domain Name Service (host name	FDM	Frequency Division Multiplex
	resolution protocol)	FDMA	Frequency Division Multiple Access
DOD	Depth of Discharge	FEC	Forward Error Correction
DOF	Degree of Freedom	FES	Fixed Earth Station
DQDB	Distributed Queue Dual Bus	FET	Field Effect Transistor
DSCP	Differentiated Service Code Point	FETA	Field Effect Transistor Amplifier
DSI	Digital Speech Interpolation	FFT	Fast Fourier Transform
DSL	Digital Subscriber Loop	FGM	Fixed Gain Mode
DSP	Digital Signal Processing	FIFO	First In First Out
DTE	Data Terminating Equipment	FM	Frequency Modulation
DTH	Direct To Home	FMA	Fixed-Mount Antenna
DTTL	Data Transition Tracking Loop	FMS	Fleet Management Service
DUT	Device Under Test	FMT	Fade Mitigation Technique
DVB	Digital Video Broadcasting	FODA	FIFO Ordered Demand Assignment
DWDM	Dense Wave Division Multiplexing	FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
DIIDIII	Bense Wave Bivision Multiplexing	FPLMTS	Future Public Land Mobile
EA	Early Assignment	11 EMILO	Telecommunications System
EBU	European Broadcasting Union	FS	Fixed Service
EC		FR	
ECL	European Community	FSK	Frame Relay Fraguency Shift Versing
	Emitter Coupled Logic		Frequency Shift Keying Fixed Satellite Service
EFS	Error Free Seconds	FSS	
EIA	Electronic Industries Association	FTP	File Transfer Protocol
EIR	Equipment Identity Register	C A	
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated	GA	ETSI General Assembly
EI CD	Power (W)	GaAs	Gallium Arsenide
ELSR	Edge Label Switch Router	GBN	Go Back N
EMC	ElectroMagnetic Compatiblity	GC	Global Coverage
EMF	ElectroMagnetic Field	GCE	Ground Communication
EMI	ElectroMagnetic Interference		Equipment
EMS	European Mobile Satellite	GCS	Ground Control Station
ENR	Excess Noise Ratio	GDE	Group Delay Equalizer
EOL	End of Life	GEO	Geostationary Earth Orbit
EPC	Electric Power Conditioner	GMDSS	Global Maritime Distress and Safety
EPIRB	Emergency Position Indicating Radio		System
	Beam	GOS	Grade Of Service
ERC	European Radiocommunications	GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
	Committee	GPS	Global Positioning System
ERL	Echo Return Loss	GRE	Generic Routing Encapsulation
ERO	European Radiocommunications	GSM	Global System for Mobile
	Office (of the ERC)		communications
ES	Earth Station	GSO	Geostationary Satellite Orbit
ESA	European Space Agency	GTO	Geostationary Transfer Orbit
ESTEC	European Space Research and		5
	Technology Centre	HDB3	High Density Binary 3 code
ETR	ETSI Technical Report	HDLC	High Level Data Link Control
ETS	European Telecommunications	HDTV	High Definition TeleVision
	Standard, created within ETSI	HEMT	High Electron Mobility Transistor
ETSI	European Telecommunications	HEO	Highly Elliptical Orbit
	Standards Institute	HIO	Highly Inclined Orbit
	Sumarus montate		inging memore orbit

Acronyms

HIPERLAN	HIgh PErformance Radio Local Area	ISO	International Organisation for
	Network		Standardisation
HLR	Home Location Register	ISS	Inter-Satellite Service
HPA	High Power Amplifier	ISU	Iridium Subscriber Unit
HPB	Half Power Beamwidth	ITU	International Telecommunication
HPT	Hand Held Personal Telephone		Union
HTML	Hyper Text Markup Language	IUS	Inertial Upper Stage
HTTP	Hyper Text Transfer Protocol	IVOD	Interactive Video On Demand
11111	Hyper Text Hunsler Hotocol	IWU	InternetWorking Unit
IAT	Interarrival Time	100	Internetworking Onit
IAU	International Astronomical Unit	JDBC	Java Database Connectivity
IBA	Independent Broadcasting Authority	JPEG	Joint Photographic Expert Group
IBO	Input Back-off	та	T I' A
IBS	International Business Service	LA	Location Area
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol	LAN	Local Area Network
ICI	Interface Control Information	LAPB	Link Access Protocol Balanced
ICO	Intermediate Circular Orbit	LDP	Label Distribution Protocol
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol	LEO	Low Earth Orbit
IDC	Intermediate rate Digital Carrier	LFSR	Linear Feedback Shift Register
IDR	Intermediate Data Rate	LHCP	Left Hand Circular Polarization
IDU	Interface Data Unit, also. InDoor Unit	LLC	Logical Link Control
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic	LLM	Lband Land Mobile
	Engineers	LMDS	Local Multipoint Distribution System
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force	LMSS	Land Mobile Satellite Service
I-ETS	Interim ETS	LNA	Low Noise Amplifier
IF	Intermediate Frequency	LNB	Low Noise Block
IFRB	International Frequency Registration	LO	Local Oscillator
	Board	LOS	Line of Sight
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol	LPC	Linear Predictive Coding
ILS	International Launch Services	LPF	Low Pass Filter
IM	InterModulation	LR	Location Register
IMP	Interface Message Processor	LRE	Low Rate Encoding
IMP	InterModulation Product	LSP	Label Switched Path
IMSI		LSR	
111/131	International Mobile Subscriber		Label Switching Router
D /I IV	Identity	LU	Location Updating
IMUX	Input Multiplexer	M DCI/	
IN	Intelligent Network	M-PSK	M-ary Phase Shift Keying
INIRIC	International Non-Ionising RadIation	MAC	Medium Access Control
	Committee	MAC	Multiplexed Analog Components
INMARSAT	International Maritime Satellite		(also Monitoring, Alarm and Control)
	Organisation	MACSAT	Multiple Access Satellite
INTELSAT	International Telecommunications	MAMA	Multiple ALOHA Multiple Access
	Satellite Consortium	MAN	Metropolitan Area Network
IOR	Indian Ocean Region	MCPC	Multiple Channels Per Carrier
IOT	In Orbit Test	MEB	Megabit Erlang Bit rate
IP	Internet Protocol (a network layer	MEO	Medium altitude Earth Orbit
	datagram protocol)	MES	Mobile Earth Station
IPA	Intermediate Power Amplifier	MESFET	Metal Semiconductor Field Effect
IPE	Initial Pointing Error		Transistor
IPsec	IP security policy	MF	Multifrequency
IRCD	Internet Relay Chat Program Server	MHT	Mean Holding Time
	(a teleconferencing application)	MIC	Microwave Integrated Circuit
IRD	Internet Resources Database	MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
IRD	Integrated Receiver Decoder	MIFR	Master International Frequency
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network		Register
ISC	International Switching Center	MMDS	Multipoint Multichannel Distribution
ISL	Intersatellite Link		System
			-,

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Acronyms

10.00		DD	
MMIC	Monolithic Microwave Integrated	PB	Primary Body (orbits)
	Circuit	PBX	Private (automatic) Branch eXchange
MOD	MODulator	PC	Personal Computer
MODEM	Modulator/Demodulator	PCCH	Physical Control CHannel
MOS	Mean Opinion Score	PCH	Paging CHannel
MOS	Metal-Oxide Semiconductor	PCM	Pulse Code Modulation
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding	PCN	Personal Communications Network
MPEG	Motion Picture Expert Group		(often refers to DCS 1800)
MPLS	Multi-Protocol Label Switching	PCS	Personal Communications System
MPSK	M-ary Phase Shift Keying	PDCH	Physical Data CHannel
MS	Mobile Station	PDF	Probability Density Function
MSC	Mobile Switching Center	PDH	Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy
MSK	Minimum Shift Keying	PDU	Protocol Data Unit
MSS	Mobile Satellite Service	PFD	Power Flux Density
			5
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failure	PHEMT	Pseudomorphic High Electron
MTP	Message Transfer Part		Mobility Transistor
MTU	Maximum Transferable Unit	PHB	Per Hop Behaviour
MUX	MUltipleXer	PHP	Personal Handy Phone
MX	MiXer	PHS	Personal Handyphone System
		PICH	PIlot Channel
NACK	No ACKnowledgment	PILC	Performance Implication of Link
NASA	National Aeronautics And Space		Characteristics
	Administration (USA)	PIMP	Passive InterModulation Product
NASDA	National Aeronautics And Space	PKM	Perigee Kick Motor
	Development Agency (Japan)	PLL	Phase Locked Loop
NAT	Network Address Translation	PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
NGSO		PM	Phase Modulation
	Non-Geostationary Satellite Orbit		
NH	Northern Hemisphere	PMR	Private Mobile Radio
NIS	Network Information System	PN	Personal Number
NMT	Nordic Mobile Telephone	PODA	Priority Oriented Demand
NNTP	Network News Transfer Protocol		Assignment
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric	POL	POLarisation
	Administration	POR	Pacific Ocean Region
NORM	Nack-Oriented Reliable Multicast	PP	Portable Part
NSO	National Standardisation	PPP	Point to Point Protocol
	Organisation	PRMA	Packet Reservation Multiple Access
NRZ	Non-Return to Zero	PSD	Power Spectral Density
NTP	Network Time Protocol	PSK	Phase Shift Keying
NVOD	Near Video On Demand	PSPDN	Packet Switched Public Data Network
		PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
OACSU	Off-Air Call Sat-Up	PTA	Programme Tracking Antenna
OBC	Off-Air Call Set-Up	PTN	Public Telecommunications Network
	On-Board Computer		
OBO	Output Back-Off	PTO	Public Telecommunications Operator
OBP	On-Board Processing	PVA	Perigee Velocity Augmentation
ODU	Outdoor Unit	PVC	Permanent Virtual Circuit
OICETS	Optical Inter-orbit Communications		
	Engineering Test Satellite	QoS	Quality of Service
OMUX	Output MUltipleXer	QPSK	Quaternary Phase Shift Keying
ONP	Open Network Provision		
OSI	Open System Interconnection	RAAN	Right Ascension of the Ascending
OSPF	Open Shortest Path First		Node
	-	RACE	Research and development in
PABX	Private Automatic Branch eXchange		Advanced Communications
PACS	Personal Access Communications	RACH	Random Access Channel
	System	RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial In User
PAD	Packet Assembler/Disassembler	1010100	Service
PAM	Payload Assist Module	RAM	Random Access Memory
1 71111	i ayidau Assist widuule	1/1/1/1	Randolli Access Mellioly

Acronyms

RAN	Radio Area Network	SFH	Slow Frequency Hopping
RARC	Regional Administrative Radio	SH	Southern Hemisphere
	Conference	SHF	Super High Frequency (3 GHz to
RAS	Radio Astronomy Service		30 GHz)
RCVO	Receive Only	SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
RCVR	ReCeiVeR	S-ISUP	Satellite ISDN User Part
RDS	Radio Data System	SIT	Satellite Interactive Terminal
RDSS	Radio Determination Satellite Service	SKW	Satellite-Keeping Window
RE	Radio Exchange	SL	SatelLite
Rec	Recommendation	SLA	Service Level Agreement
Rep	Report	SLIC	Subscriber Line Interface Card
RES	Radio Equipment Systems,	SMATV	Satellite based Master Antenna for TV
	ETSI Technical Committee		distribution
RF	Radio Frequency	SME	Small and Medium Enterprise
RFHMA	Random Frequency Hopping	SMS	Satellite Multi-Services
	Multiple Access	SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference	SNA	Systems Network Architecture (IBM)
RGS	Route Guidance Service	SNDCP	SubNet Dependent Convergence
RHCP	Right-Hand Circular Polarization	bivider	Protocol
RIP	Routing Information Protocol	SNEK	Satellite NEtworK node computer
RL	Return Loss	SNG	
			Satellite News Gathering
RLAN	Radio Local Area Network	SNMP	Simple Network Management
RLL	Radio in the Local Loop	CNID	Protocol
RLOGIN	Remote login application	SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio
RMA	Random Multiple Access	SOC	State of Charge
RMTP	Realisable Multicast Transport	SOHO	Small Office Home Office
DNICC	Protocol	SORA	Satellite Oriented Resource
RNCC	Regional Network Control Center	CODE	Allocation
RNR	Receiver Not Ready	SORF	Start of Receive Frame
RORA	Region Oriented Resource Allocation	SOTF	Start of Transmit Frame
RR	Radio Regulation	SPADE	Single-channel-per-carrier PCM
RS	Reed Solomon (coding)		multiple Access Demand assignment
RSVP	Resource reSerVation Protocol	C DON	Equipment
RTCP	Real Time transport Control Protocol	S-PCN	Satellite Personal Communications
RTP	Real Time transport Protocol		Network
RTU RX	Remote Terminal Unit	S/PDIF	Sony/Philips Digital Interface Format
KЛ	Receiver	CDDT	
C ALOUA	Clatted ALOHA protocol	SPDT	Single-Pole Double-Throw (switch)
S-ALOHA	Slotted ALOHA protocol	SPMT	Single-Pole Multiple-Throw (switch)
SAMA	Spread ALOHA Multiple Access	SPT	Stationary Plasma Thruster
SAP	Service Access Point	SPU	Satellite Position Uncertainty
SAW	Surface Acoustic Wave	SR	Selective Repeat
SB	Secondary Body (orbits)	SS	Satellite Switch
SBC	Sub-Band Coding	SSB	Single Side-Band
SC	Suppressed Carrier	SSMA	Spread Spectrum Multiple Access
S/C	SpaceCraft	SSO	Sun-Synchronous Orbit
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	SSOG	Satellite Systems Operations Guide (INTELSAT)
SCCP	Signalling Connection Control Part	SSP	Signalling Switching Point
SCH	Synchronization CHannel	SSPA	Solid State Power Amplifier
SCP	Service Control Point	SS-TDMA	Satellite Switched TDMA
SCPC	Single Channel Per Carrier	STC	ETSI Sub-Technical Committee
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy	STM	Synchronous Transport Module
SDLC	Synchronous Data Link Control	STS	Space Transportation System
SDU	Service Data Unit	SU	Subscriber Unit
SEP	Symbol Error Probability	SVC	Switched Virtual Circuit
SEU	Single Event Upset	SW	Switch

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SW	Stop and Wait	UMTS	Universal Mobile
SWR	Standing Wave Ratio		Telecommunications System
SYNC	SYNChronisation	UPS	Uninterruptible Power Supply
		UPT	Universal Personal
ТА	ETSI Technical Assembly		Telecommunications
TACS	Total Access Communication System	USAT	Ultra Small Aperture Terminal
TBC	To Be Confirmed	USB	Universal Serial Bus
TBD	To Be Defined	UW	Unique Word
TBR	Technical Basis Regulation	011	enque troita
T/R	Transmit/Receive	VBR	Variable Bit Rate
TC	Telecommand	VC	Virtual Channel (or Container)
ТСН	Traffic CHannel	VCI	Virtual Channel Identifier
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol	VDSL	Very high-speed Digital
TDM	Time Division Multiplex	VDOL	Subscriber Line
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access	VHDL	
TDRS	Tracking and Data Relay Satellite	VIIDL	VHSIC Hardware Description
		VIICIC	Language
TELNET	remote terminal application	VHSIC	Very High Speed Integrated
TEM	Transverse ElectroMagnetic	N/L IF	Circuit
TETRA	Trans European Trunk Radio	VHF	Very High Frequency (30 MHz to
TFTS	Terrestrial Flight Telephone System	VI D	300 MHz)
TIA	Telecommunications Industry	VLR	Visitor Location Register
	Association	VLSI	Very Large Scale Integration
TIE	Terrestrial Interface Equipment	VOW	Voice Order Wire
TM	Telemetry	VPA	Variable Power Attenuator
TM/TC	Telemetry/Telecommand	VPC	Virtual Path Connection
TP4	Transport Protocol Class 4	VPD	Variable Phase Divider
TPR	Transponder	VPS	Variable Phase Shifter
TRAC	Technical Recommendations	VPI	Virtual Path Identifier
	Application Committee	VPN	Virtual Private Network
TTC	Telemetry, Tracking and Command	VSAT	Very Small Aperture
TTCM	Telemetry, Tracking, Command and		Terminal
	Monitoring	VSELP	Vector Sum Excitation Linear
TTL	Transistor Transistor Logic		Prediction
TTL	Time To Live	VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio
TTY	TelegraphY		
TV	TeleVision	WAN	Wide Area Network
TWT	Travelling WaveTube	WAP	Wireless Application Protocol
TWTA	Travelling WaveTube Amplifier	WARC	World Administrative Radio
Tx	Transmitter		Conference
		Web	Worldwide Web
U/C	Up-Converter		
UDLR	UniDirectional Link Routing	XPD	Cross Polarization
UDP	User Datagram Protocol		Discrimination
UHF	Ultra High Frequency (300 MHz to	XPI	Cross Polarisation Isolation
	3 GHz)	Xponder	Transponder
	,	ronaer	r orrect

NOTATION

a A	orbit semi-major axis azimuth angle (also attenuation, area,	Ε	elevation angle (also energy and electric field strength)
	availability, traffic density and carrier	$E_{\rm b}$	energy per information bit
	amplitude)	E_{c}	energy per channel bit
$A_{\rm eff}$	effective aperture area of an antenna	Lc	energy per channel bit
A_{AG}	attenuation by atmospheric gases	f	frequency (Hz)
	attenuation due to precipitation and	F_{c}	nominal carrier frequency
$A_{\rm RAIN}$	clouds	•	antenna focal length
4		fa	
$A_{\rm P}$	attenuation of radiowave by rain for	fm 6	frequency of a modulating sine wave
	percentage p of an average year	f_{max}	maximum frequency of the modulating
D	1 1 1 1 1	C	baseband signal spectrum
B	bandwidth	fD	downlink frequency
b	voice channel bandwidth (3100 Hz from	fu	uplink frequency
_	300 to 3400 Hz)	F	noise figure
B _n	noise measurement bandwidth at	$\Delta F_{\rm max}$	peak frequency deviation of a frequency
	baseband (receiver output)		modulated carrier
B_N	equivalent noise bandwidth of	fs –	sampling frequency
	receiver		
Ви	burstiness	8	peak factor
		G	power gain (also gravitational constant)
С	velocity of light = $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	G_{sat}	gain at saturation
С	carrier power	G_{R}	receiving antenna gain in direction of
C/N_0	carrier power-to-noise power spectral		transmitter
	density ratio (W/Hz)	G_{T}	transmitting antenna gain in direction of
$(C/N_0)_{\rm U}$	uplink carrier power-to-noise power		receiver
	spectral density ratio	$G_{\rm Rmax}$	maximum receiving antenna gain
$(C/N_0)_{\rm D}$	downlink carrier power-to-noise power	G_{Tmax}	maximum transmitting antenna gain
	spectral density ratio	G_{SR}	satellite repeater gain
$(C/N_0)_{\rm IM}$	carrier power-to-intermodulation noise	G_{SRsat}	saturation gain of satellite repeater
	power spectral density ratio	G/T	gain to system noise temperature ratio of
$(C/N_0)_{\rm I}$	carrier power-to-interference noise		a receiving equipment
	power spectral density ratio	G_{CA}	channel amplifier
$(C/N_0)_{I,U}$	uplink carrier power-to-interference	$G_{\rm FE}$	front end gain from satellite receiver
(/ •/1,0	noise power spectral density ratio	12	input to satellite channel amplifier input
$(C/N_0)_{I,D}$	downlink carrier power-to-interference	G_{ss}	small signal power gain
(- 7 - 671,D	noise power spectral density ratio	- 33	8 I 8
$(C/N_0)_{\rm T}$	carrier power-to-noise power spectral	i	inclination of the orbital plane
(0/110)]	density ratio for total link		inclination of the orbital plane
		k	Boltzmann's constant =
D	diameter of a reflector antenna (also used	<i>R</i>	$1.379 \times 10^{-23} \text{ W/KHz}$
2	as a subscript for 'downlink')	$k_{\rm FM}$	FM modulation frequency deviation
	as a subscript for downlink /	MFM	constant (MHz/V)
0	orbit occontricity	k	PM phase deviation constant (rad/V)
е	orbit eccentricity	$k_{\rm PM}$	r wi prase deviation constant (Idu/ V)

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Notation

V	ANA/DM	ת	in the second
K _P	AM/PM conversion coefficient	$P_{i n}$	input power in a multiple carrier
K_{T}	AM/PM transfer coefficient	D	operation mode (<i>n</i> carriers)
	.11 1 .1. 1	P _o n	output power in a multiple carrier
1	earth station latitude	_	operation mode (<i>n</i> carriers)
L	earth station-to-satellite relative	$P_{\text{IMX }n}$	power of intermodulation product of
	longitude also loss in link budget		order X at output of a non-linear device
	calculations, and loading factor of FDM/		in a multicarrier operation mode
	FM multiplex also message length (bits)		(<i>n</i> carriers)
L_{e}	effective path length of radiowave		
	through rain (km)	Q	quality factor
$L_{\rm FRX}$	receiver feeder loss		1 2
L _{FTX}	transmitter feeder loss	r	distance between centre of mass (orbits)
L _{FS}	free space loss	R	slant range from earth station to satellite
L _{POINT}	depointing loss		(km) (also symbol or bit rate)
LPOINT	antenna polarisation mismatch loss	R _b	information bit rate (s^{-1})
$L_{\rm R}$	receiving antenna depointing loss	R_{c}	channel bit rate (s^{-1})
*		R_{call}	mean number of calls per unit time
$L_{\rm T}$	transmitting antenna depointing loss	$R_{\rm E}$	earth radius = 6378 km
	antallita maga	-	
m	satellite mass	Ro	geostationary satellite
тс	power reduction associated with	D	altitude = 35786 km
	multicarrier operation	R _p	rainfall rate (mm/h) exceeded for time
Μ	mass of the earth (kg) (also number of	D	percentage <i>p</i> of a year
	possible states of a digital signal)	$R_{\rm s}$	symbol (or signalling) rate (s^{-1})
N_0	noise power spectral density (W/Hz)	S	user signal power (W)
$(N_0)_{\rm U}$	uplink noise power spectral density	S/N	signal-to-noise power ratio at user's end
	(W/Hz)		
$(N_0)_{\rm D}$	downlink noise power spectral density	Т	period of revolution (orbits) (s)
	(W/Hz)		(also noise temperature (K))
$(N_0)_{\mathrm{T}}$	total link noise power spectral density	T_{A}	antenna noise temperature (K)
	(W/Hz)	T _{AMB}	ambient temperature (K)
$(N_0)_{I}$	interference power spectral density	$T_{\rm b}$	information bit duration (s)
(0)1	(W/Hz)	$T_{\rm B}$	burst duration (s)
Ν	noise power (W) (also number of stations	T_{c}	channel bit duration (s)
	in a network)	T_{e}	effective input noise temperature of a
	In a network)	re	four port element system (K)
11	pre-emphasis/companding	$T_{\rm E}$	mean sidereal day = 86164.15
р		-	
	improvement factor (also rainfall	T_{eATT}	effective input noise temperature of an
	annual percentage)	т	attenuator (K)
p_{w}	rainfall worst month time percentage	T_{eRx}	effective input noise temperature of a
Р	power (also number of bursts in a TDMA	m	receiver
D	frame)	$T_{\rm F}$	frame duration (s) (also feeder
$P_{\rm b}$	information bit error rate	-	temperature)
P_{c}	channel bit error rate	$T_{\rm m}$	effective medium temperature (K)
$P_{\rm HPA}$	rated power of high power amplifier (W)	T_0	reference temperature (290 K)
P_{T}	power fed to the antenna (W)	T_{eRX}	effective input noise temperature of a
P_{Tx}	transmitter power (W)		receiver (K)
P_{R}	received power (W)	T_{S}	symbol duration (s)
$P_{\rm Rx}$	power at receiver input (W)	T_{SKY}	clear key contribution to antenna noise
P_{is}	input power in a single carrier operation		temperature (K)
	mode	T_{GROUND}	ground contribution to antenna noise
$P_{o 1}$	output power in a single carrier		temperature (K)
	operation mode		-
$(P_{i\ 1})_{sat}$	input power in a single carrier operation	и	subscript for 'uplink'
	mode at saturation	υ	true anomaly (orbits)
$(P_{o 1})_{sat}$	saturation output power in a single	-	
- 0 1/sat	carrier operation mode	$V_{\rm s}$	satellite velocity (m/s)
	carrier operation mode	• 5	succine versery (m/ 5)

Notation

$V_{\mathrm{Lp/p}}$ $V_{\mathrm{Tp/p}}$	peak-to-peak luminance voltage (V) peak-to-peak total video signal voltage (including synchronisation pulses)		$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-2},$ $M = 5.974 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg};$ $\mu = GM = 3.986 \times 10^{14} \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-2}$
$V_{\rm Nms}$	root-mean-square noise voltage (V)	ρ	$\mu = 0.00 \times 10^{-11}$ m s code rate
	1 0	σ	Stefan–Boltzmann constant =
w	psophometric weighting factor		$5.67 imes 10^{-8} Wm^{-2} K^{-4}$
		ϕ	satellite-earth station angle from the
Χ	intermodulation product order (IMX)		earth's centre
		Φ	power flux density (w/m²)
α	angle from boresight of antenna	Φ_{\max}	max maximum power flux density at
γ	vernal point		transmit antenna boresight
Γ	spectral efficiency (bit/s Hz)	$\Phi_{\rm nom}$	nom nominal power flux density
δ	declination angle (also delay)		at receive end required to build up
η	antenna aperture efficiency		a given power assuming maximum
λ	wavelength (= c/f) also longitude, also		receive gain (no depointing)
	message generation rate (s^{-1})	$\Phi_{ m sat}$	power flux density required to operate
φ	latitude		receive amplifier at saturation
au	propagation time	ψ	polarisation angle
θ_{3dB}	half power beamwidth of an antenna	ω	argument of perigee
	wavelength $= c/f$	Ω	right ascension of the ascending
$\theta_{ m R}$	receiving antenna pointing error		node
$ heta_{ m T}$	transmit antenna pointing error	$\Omega_{\rm E}$	angular velocity of rotation of the earth
μ	= GM (G = gravitational constant,)		earth = 15.0469 deg/hr =
	M = mass of earth;		$4.17 \times 10^{-3} \text{deg/s} = 7.292 \times 10^{-5} \text{rad/s}$

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